



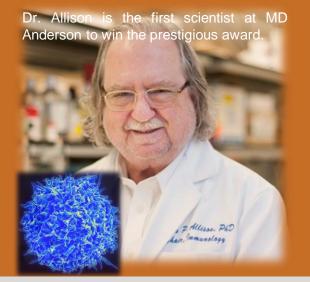
THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS/TEXAS A&M
INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT COMPANY

Dr. James P. Allison Awarded Nobel Prize in Physiology or Medicine



Dr. Jim Allison of MD Anderson earned the Nobel Prize in 2018 for his breakthrough research regarding the biology of T cells—a type of white blood cell that develops in the thymus gland and plays an integral role in the central nervous system.

Traditional cancer treatments focused on attacking the cancer cells. Dr. Allison's research instead focuses on treating the immune system rather than the cancer cells. Allison's crucial insight was to block a protein on T cells that acts as a brake on their activation, freeing the T cells to attack cancer.



Rose Inspires an Innovative and Efficient Way to Collect and Purify Water





A new device for collecting and purifying water, developed at The University of Texas at Austin, was inspired by a rose and, while more engineered than enchanted, is a dramatic improvement on current methods. Each flower-like structure costs less than 2 cents and can produce more than half a gallon of water per hour per square meter.

"We were searching for more efficient ways to apply the solar-steaming technique for water production by using black filtered paper coated with a special type of polymer, known as polypyrrole," Fan said.

The device removes any contamination from heavy metals and bacteria, and it removes salt from seawater, producing clean water that meets drinking standard requirements set by the World Health Organization.

Battery Inventor Wins Nobel Prize for Fast-Charging, Noncombustible Batteries

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A team of engineers led by John Goodenough, professor in the Cockrell School of Engineering at The University of Texas at Austin and co-inventor of the lithium-ion battery, has developed the first all-solid-state battery cells that could lead to safer, faster-charging, and longer-lasting rechargeable batteries for handheld mobile devices, electric cars and stationary energy storage.

Goodenough's latest breakthrough is a low-cost all-solid-state battery that is noncombustible and has a long cycle life (battery life) with a high volumetric energy density and fast rates of charge and discharge.

Dr. Goodenough was awarded the Nobel Prize in 2019. At 97 years old, he became the oldest Nobel laureate in history.



Chemists Develop Nanoscale Bioabsorbable Wound Dressing



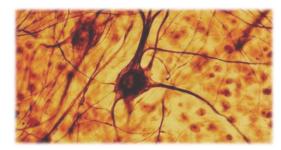
Scientists at Texas A&M University are harnessing the combined power of organic nanomaterials-based chemistry and a natural product found in crustacean exoskeletons to help bring emergency medicine one step closer to a viable solution for mitigating blood loss.

Hemorrhage is a leading cause of death in traumatic injuries, ranking fourth in the United States at a total cost of \$671 billion in 2013. Karen Wooley's research group has developed bioabsorbable wound dressing that builds on the already proven blood-flow-staunching properties of chitosan by taking them nanoscale to boost their effectiveness and impact.

Wooley's team successfully encapsulated highly entangled nanofibers of chitosan within a sugar-based hydrogel that dissolves in as little as seven days, leaving behind a significantly larger available wound-healing surface while eliminating the need for subsequent physical removal

Texas A&M Health Science Center & Celltex to Conduct Alzheimer's Research





Celltex has acquired an intellectual property license and signed multi-year research study with Texas A&M Health Science Center.

Houston-based biotech company, Celltex, a multi-year research study investigating potential therapies for Alzheimer's disease using autologous mesenchymal stem cell (MSC)-derived exosomes. His team will test the efficiency of these exosomes to reduce brain inflammation and assist in repair of neuronal damage related to Alzheimer's disease.

There are more than five million Americans living with Alzheimer's. Texas A&M and Celltex are hopeful that this research might someday treat the disease by stopping or delaying the neuronal damage. Alternatively, exosomes may rejuvenate the networks of surviving but sick neurons via anti-inflammatory and neuroprotective effects.

Doctoral Student Pursues Life Saving Breast Cancer Detection Technology



Doctoral Student Elif Kaya is working with Dr. Kamran Entesari on a device to assist with early breast cancer detection in the hope of saving millions of lives.

"We have demonstrated that the first broadband time domain contact-less CMOS (complementary metal-oxidehomodyne-transceiver semiconductor) works as complex dielectric with exceptional spectroscopy an accuracy that can characterize the materials such as liquid/solid materials. chemical/biological materials or body tissues," Kaya said.

Although there are already some research projects focused on breast cancer detection, Kaya's team is proposing to make a more cost-effective miniaturized portable device with greater accuracy, ease of use and quick results.





Education

- No. 8 among Best Value Public Colleges by Kiplinger (2018)
- Top 10 Best Graduate Schools in more than 40 areas, including accounting, information systems, educational psychology, elementary and special education, engineering and pharmacy, US News & World Report (2018)

Healthcare

- MD Anderson founded in 1941; and 1 of 3 original comprehensive cancer centers in the US
- Ranked No. 1 hospital for cancer care in the US by US News & World Report (2019); has been ranked 1 of top 2 every year since 1990
- In 2012, launched Moon Shots Program to accelerate the development of scientific discoveries into clinical advances for 20 types of cancer that collectively account for 63% of cancer deaths annually
- In 2018, cared for ~146,000 patients (45,000 new) and provided more than \$170 million in uncompensated care for un- or under-insured Texans
- More than 1,200 open clinical trials

Research

• MD Anderson Chair of Immunology Jim Allison earned the 2018 Nobel Prize in Medicine for his pioneering research on immunotherapy or "checkpoint inhibition," i.e., the use of antibodies to trigger T-cell reactions against cancer. Immunotherapy has produced remarkable results in many cancers including non-Hodgkin lymphoma, acute lymphocytic leukemia, melanoma, and lung cancer.

Society

- First-generation college students
 - Over 9,000 UT Austin students (more than 20% of undergraduates)
- College students from households in bottom US income quintile
 - Over 6% of UT Austin students are from families with a median income of less than \$20,000 per year
- College students receiving financial aid
 - 54% of UT Austin students



Education

- No. 1 among national public universities for superior education at an affordable cost by Fiske Guide to Colleges (2018)
- No. 1 in Most Affordable Public Medical Schools for In-State Students by US News & World Report (2016)
- No. 1 among colleges that combine best outcomes for lowincome students with accessible admission rates by Priceonomics.com (2015)

Healthcare

- Texas A&M Health Science Center founded in 1999; educates over 600 students annually across 8 Texas campuses in medicine, nursing, dentistry, pharmacy, and public health
- Structured as a conduit for community-based research, health education and disease prevention initiatives to improve lives across Texas' 254 counties
- Launched EMPOWER tele-health program in 2019 to improve healthcare access in rural communities, particularly for chronic or complex conditions such as opioid dependency

Research

- Texas A&M Professor of Visualization, Francis Quek, developed technology for "talking books" that allow the blind to access literature with increased command during reading experiences.
- Dr. Quek developed the STAAR Description Format (SDF), which converts any portable document format (PDF) to a version the blind can read on an iPad. Users can scan the text with their fingers to hear the words, control the pace of their reading, keep their place on the page, refer to text, highlight important information and take notes, much like the experience enjoyed by those who are sighted.

Society

- First-generation college students
 - Over 13,000 Texas A&M students (25% of undergraduates)
- College students from households in bottom US income quintile
 - Over 4% of students are from families with a median income of less than \$20,000 per year
- College students receiving financial aid
 - 72% of Texas A&M students



Supported Institutions

14 Academic Institutions | 8 Healthcare Institutions | ~340,000 Total Students





UT SOUTHWESTERN

MEDICAL CENTER











































Resource Comparison

Peer Endowments

- UT and Texas A&M Systems enroll nearly twice the number of undergraduates whose family income is in the bottom quintile of U.S. households, compared to the combined total of the 19 other largest endowments
- Second largest endowment in the U.S. by AUM but endowment value per student of less than \$130,000 (second lowest of the top 20 endowments)

 Lowest percentage of undergraduates (31%) whose family income is in the top quintile of U.S. households

households					% of Students from (c)		Students from ^(d)	
Rank	Institution Name	Endowment Value (in MM) ^(a)	Undergraduate Students ^(b)	Endowment Value per Student	Median Household Income of Student's Family ^(c)	Top 20%	Bottom 20%	Bottom 20%
1	Harvard University	39,200	6,699	5,851,620	168,800	67%	5%	301
2	University of Texas and Texas A&M Systems*	32,893	257,754	127,614	79,092	31%	13%	33,508
3	Yale University	29,400	5,964	4,929,577	192,600	69%	2%	119
4	Stanford University	26,500	7,056	3,755,669	167,500	66%	4%	282
5	Princeton University	25,900	5,260	3,211,947	186,100	72%	2%	105
6	University of California System**	19,600	216,747	90,428	105,800	48%	7%	15,172
7	Massachusetts Institute of Technology	16,400	4,547	3,606,774	137,400	61%	6%	282
8	University of Pennsylvania	13,800	11,716	1,177,876	195,500	72%	2%	234
9	University of Michigan	11,900	29,821	399,048	154,000	66%	4%	1,193
10	Columbia University	10,900	8,868	1,229,138	150,900	62%	5%	443
11	University of Notre Dame	10,700	8,530	1,254,396	191,400	75%	2%	171
12	Duke University (DUMAC, Inc.)	8,500	6,532	1,301,286	186,700	69%	4%	261
13	Northwestern University	8,400	8,181	1,026,769	171,200	66%	4%	327
14	The University of Chicago	7,900	6,306	1,252,775	134,500	58%	6%	378
15	Washington University in St. Louis	7,600	7,579	1,002,771	272,000	84%	1%	76
16	The University of Virginia	7,300	16,777	435,120	155,500	67%	3%	503
17	Cornell University	6,900	14,907	462,870	151,600	64%	4%	596
18	Rice University	6,300	3,970	1,586,902	160,800	64%	5%	199
19	University of Southern California	5,500	18,631	295,207	161,400	63%	5%	932
20	Dartmouth College	5,490	4,417	1,242,925	200,400	69%	3%	115
	Average	15,054	34,129	1,711,325	166,160	65%	4%	3,016

⁽a) Estimated using university annual endowment reports, as of FY 2018.

** Includes foundation figures.

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⁽b) Many private institutions do not provide historical undergraduate enrollment. Majority of data is for fall 2017 enrollment. If fall 2017 was unavailable, fall 2018 was used.

⁽c) Data on household income median and quintiles from https://opportunityinsights.org/data/

⁽d) Estimated using undergraduate enrollment and household income quintile data.

^{*} Excludes operating funds (ITF). Weighted average across all UT and A&M campuses.



Fund Structure

Main Funds - PUF | GEF | ITF

Permanent University Fund (PUF) - \$23 billion*

Established by the Texas Constitution in 1876, through appropriation of land grants previously given to the University of Texas at Austin

Today, the PUF contains 2.1 million acres of land in the Permian Basin which produces two streams of income:

- Mineral income oil and gas royalties (non-distributable, must be invested)
- Surface income surface leases and easements (distributable)

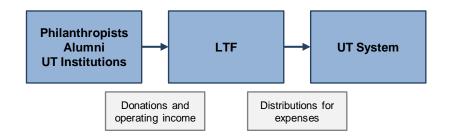
West Texas Oil & Gas Lands Oil Royalties Outflows 2/3 UT System 1/3 A&M System Distributions for debt service and expenses

General Endowment Fund (GEF) - \$13 billion*

Created in 2001 and is composed of two sub-funds:

- Long Term Fund (LTF) \$11.4 billion
- Permanent Health Fund (PHF) \$1.2 billion

Created to allow for greater diversification and cost savings than was possible when the PHF and LTF were managed separately



Intermediate Term Fund (ITF) - \$9 billion*

Established in 2006

Created to improve the efficiency of operating funds management, and to improve investment returns on UT System operating reserves

UT Institutions

ITF

UT System

Operating income

Distributions for short-term expenses

^{*} As of 8/31/19.



Asset Allocation

Real Return | Global Equity | Stable Value

Real Return Stable Value **Global Equity** 18% 63% 19% **Public Equity** 42% Total Fixed Income 7% Natural Resources 7% 22% **Developed Markets** Stable Value Hedge Funds 10% Infrastructure 3% **Emerging Markets** 9% Cash 1% Real Estate 8% Directional Hedge Funds 11% Inflation Linked Bonds 1% **Private Equity** 21%

Economic Conditions

- GDP surprises are negative
- Inflation surprisingly low with weak demand
- · Negative earnings surprises
- Out of line valuations
- Flight to quality

- Positive GDP surprises
- · Inflation surprises not dramatic
- Positive earnings surprises
- Reasonable valuations
- Political stability

- · Real GDP growth too low
- · Inflation surprises on the high side
- · Real earnings too low
- · Commodity-oriented demand exceeds supply by an above normal margin